

VOL. XXXI.

RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 1891.

No. 121.

5 O'clock Edition!

HARVEST HOPES.

Are Banished From
Burman.

WARM WELCOME AND WARNINGS

Germany Jealous of Russia
and France.

Threat to Expel England From
Egypt.

Hunt to Cover.

By Associated Press.
HANOVER (N. H.), Aug. 20.—Frank C. Almy, the murderer of Christie Ward, was discovered in Warden's barn this morning. Almy fired fifteen shots at his pursuers, slightly injuring one of them. They are now debating how to dispose of the murderer, who will promptly be shot. Empty meat and oyster cans and beer bottles were found, which would indicate that Almy had been hiding in the barn since the murder.

Fifteen hundred people gathered around the barn. Some favored burning Almy out, and while they were talking about what to do, the besieged man said he would surrender to the Sheriff if they would allow him to be taken into custody and not kill him.

Almy now refuses to come out of the barn as he promised to do if guaranteed protection. He sent for Solicitor Mitchell, who went up in the barn, but the result of the conference was that Almy refused to come out. At 1 o'clock the decision reached by the citizens' committee was to catch Almy unawares and shoot him and thus put an end to what was becoming a farce.

When this conclusion was made known it was greeted with yells of delight by the people, who, though strongly inclined to let the law take its course, had lost patience.

Officers attacked the barn with Winchester rifles and Almy retaliated with shot after shot from his revolver. At 1:50 p. m. Almy was overpowered and taken to the Wheelock House, where he is confined. Half a dozen officers with drawn revolvers stand at the foot of the stairs holding back the excited crowd.

Editors Skedaddle
Special to the GAZETTE.

SAN DIEGO, Aug. 20.—The sixth semi-annual convention of the Southern California Editorial Association adjourned last night. The members left on this morning's train for home.

This was the last day of the G. A. R. encampment, which has been in camp at Coronado the past ten days. Governor Markham was present to-day.

English Welcome and Warning
By Cable and Associated Press.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—Most of the morning papers have editorials extending a warm welcome to the French fleet. The *Chronicle* warns France that England's sad fate in the Crimea was due to depending upon German friendship; likely it will be hers if she depends upon Russia in an hour of need.

A French Warning.
By Cable and Associated Press.

PARIS, Aug. 20.—The *Journal des Débats* warns the French government not to be satisfied with the friendship of Russia and England and not attempt the impossible task of forming another *Dr. Jekyll*.

A German Warning.
By Cable and Associated Press.

BERLIN, Aug. 20.—The *Tageblatt* says England's interests lie on our side. Should France and Russia defeat the Dreibund, the immediate consequence will be the expulsion of England from Egypt.

Burman Harvest Hopesless.
By Cable and Associated Press.

CALCUTTA, Aug. 20.—Dispatches from the capital of British Burman state the harvest prospects almost throughout Burman are of the gloomiest description.

Patti Coming.
By Cable and Associated Press.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—Patti has signed with Abbey for an operatic tour of America in the late autumn and winter.

War's Alarms.
By Cable and Associated Press.

BERLIN, Aug. 20.—The *Cologne Gazette* publishes a report that Russia is storing up corn for war.

Commercial Convention.

TOPEKA (Kan.), Aug. 20.—A hundred delegates, representing every organization claiming allegiance to the People's Party, met this morning and organized the Alliance Commercial Convention, with Noah Allen of Wichita chairman. The scheme is one providing for the amalgamation of every business organization which has grown out of the farmers uprising in this State.

To put it briefly, the objects of the convention is to kill the middlemen, but none of the delegates seem to have any definite plan for the amalgamation of the numerous farmer organizations. The convention was called, it is said, and seems to be manipulated by the Mutual Protective Association.

Money and Stocks.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—At noon money was easy at 2:30; stocks quiet but firm, at the highest prices reached. There was an advance this afternoon in which St. Paul, Atchison, Burlington and Rock Island were the leaders. Sugar rose to 85%. Four coupou, 17; Pacific sixes, 6; Central Pacific, 29½; Atchison, 37½; Burlington, 90½; Denver & Rio Grande, 15; Northern Pacific, 25½; preferred, 67; North Western, 8½; New York Central, 1½; Oregon Navigation, 68; North American, 15½; Pacific Mail, 34½; Rock Island, 79; St. Paul & Omaha, 20½; Texas Pacific, 13½; Union Pacific, 37; Fargo Express, 38; Western Union, 81½.

Turkish Brigands.

By Cable and Associated Press.
CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 20.—Another outrage by a party of Turkish brigands is causing much uneasiness to the authorities of this city. An Italian railroad inspector at work about seventeen miles from Salonica was abducted by the brigands, and is supposed to be held a prisoner pending the payment of a heavy ransom. The body of a murdered railroad man was found near the spot where the inspector was last seen.

No news has been received up to date of the Frenchman, Ruffier, who started about a week ago to ransom his employer, Raymond, who is held a prisoner by the brigands.

Another Receiver.

By Associated Press.
ATLANTA, (Ga.), August 20.—The Southern Lumber Company, a corporation worth about \$300,000, with two large mills in South Georgia and owning about 2,500 acres of timber land in that section of the state, is now in the hands of a receiver with liabilities estimated at \$125,000. Stringency in the lumber market has prevented the Company from paying its laborers, consequently about \$15,000 in laborers' wages are about to be taken out.

Switchmen's Strike.

By Associated Press.
PEORIA (Ill.), Aug. 20.—The switchmen's strike here is unchanged. Passenger trains, with mail cars attached, are getting out all right, but no freight has been moved for forty-eight hours and the yards are blocked. The Sheriff has a big posse of men in the yards. Two coaches of switchmen are expected from Dayton this evening to take the strikers places, and there is likely to be trouble when they arrive.

Food for Fishes.

Special to the GAZETTE.
MARSFIELD (Or.), Aug. 20.—Captain E. L. Marshall, a wealthy real estate man of Seattle, was lost overboard from the steamer Arago, which left San Francisco for Marsfield last Monday. Captain Marshall was last seen Tuesday night standing by the rail at the stern of the steamer, and it is thought he jumped overboard with suicidal intent.

Shocking Hanging.

By Cable and Associated Press.
LIVERPOOL, August 20.—John Conway, the steamship fireman convicted of the murder of the boy whose body was found floating in a sailor's bag in the river was hanged this morning. The hanging was a terrible affair, the man's head being almost torn from his body by the heavy fall.

Another Failure.

By Associated Press.
MILWAUKEE, Aug. 20.—The Wilkin Manufacturing Company, makers of saw-mill and milling machinery, assigned to-day. The assignees bond was fixed at \$400,000. No statement of assets or liabilities made.

Farmers' Alliance.

By Associated Press.
LITTLE ROCK (Ark.), Aug. 20.—The State Farmers' Alliance Convention, in session here, has indorsed the platform and the sub-treasury scheme.

President's Party.

By Cable and Associated Press.
BENNINGTON (Vt.), Aug. 20.—President Harrison and party left here this morning for Mount McGregor, where they arrived at 10:30 o'clock.

Good Shot.

By Cable and Associated Press.
LEIPZIG, Aug. 20.—Baron Zeditz Neukirch shot his mistress this morning and then himself. Both are dead.

Good Market.

By Associated Press.
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 20.—Wheat buyer '91, \$1 75%; season, \$1 75%.

Hail Hurts the Harvest.

By Associated Press.
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 20.—Wheat buyer '91, \$1 75%; season, \$1 75%.

THE WHEAT MARKET.

Rumors of War From Russia.

HAIL HURTS THE HARVEST.

Heard From the Path of the Hurricane.

Cardinal Gibbons Confers the Pallium.

Cyclone Flotsam.

By Associated Press.
PARIS, Aug. 20.—Meagre reports from Martinique Island, which was swept by a cyclone yesterday, state the number of vessels lost was over twenty.

Official advices received here this afternoon announce the calamity which visited Martinique was the most severe since the year 1817. So far as can be learned there were nearly if not quite sixty deaths as the result of the hurricane's visit, but it will be some time before the full extent of the disaster is known.

At Fort De France alone there were twelve lives lost and in both Ft. De France and St. Pierre, to say nothing of the country districts, there were large numbers of people injured. At St. Pierre five persons are known to have been killed, but it is feared this number does not represent the entire loss of life in the capital. Communication with different points of the island was never an easy matter, and it is exceedingly difficult to get detailed news at present. As reports from various sections reached St. Pierre it becomes evident that the extent of the hurricane devastation has not been much exaggerated. Destruction of property and loss of life is reported from all parts of the coast. The latest report received at St. Pierre from Lamentin shows ten victims at that place alone, in addition to a large number injured.

At Francois there were sixteen people killed and a large number injured, and at Riviere Palote there were two or more deaths, and so on from all parts of the island comes the tale of woe and desolation. Latrit sends in the list of its dead at ten and numbers more or less severely injured. The damage done to shipping and property is enormous. About two-fifths of the islands were under cultivation and the mountain slope was covered with forests. All cultivation and all forests in the path of the hurricane appear to have been swept away. Numerous sugar, coffee, cocoa and cotton plantations which have felt the force of the tornado, seem to have been utterly destroyed.

Grain Market.

By Cable and Associated Press.
BERLIN, Aug. 20.—The grain market opened weak this morning. Rye showed no change, while wheat was slightly lower.

The grain market closed firm and unchanged.

CHICAGO, Aug. 20.—December wheat opened one higher at \$1 05, and advanced to \$1 06 and then receded to \$1 04½. At 11 o'clock it was \$1 04½. September corn opened anywhere between 67 and 69c, and broke to 66½c, but rallied to 67½c at 11 o'clock.

In the last hour wheat became excited and December advanced to \$1 08½, but broke again to \$1 06½, closing ½ higher.

Peasants' Railroad.

Special to the GAZETTE.
SAN DIEGO, Aug. 20.—The Coronado Railroad Company to-day filed amended articles of incorporation, which will enable it to become the northern terminus of the peninsular railroad. This gives the new road entry into the city without trouble as regards the right of way or condemnation proceedings.

Grains of War.

By Associated Press.
ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 20.—Heavy replenishing of the stores of military grain depots of Poland, Lithuania and Bessarabia gave rise to the rumors of Russian war preparations.

Railroad Wreck.

By Associated Press.
VICKSBURG (Miss.), Aug. 20.—Three white men were killed by a railroad wreck to-day on the Valley route near Cleveland station.

Good Shot.

By Associated Press.
LEIPZIG, Aug. 20.—Baron Zeditz Neukirch shot his mistress this morning and then himself. Both are dead.

Good Market.

By Associated Press.
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 20.—Wheat buyer '91, \$1 75%; season, \$1 75%.

Hail Hurts the Harvest.

By Associated Press.
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 20.—Wheat buyer '91, \$1 75%; season, \$1 75%.

Good Market.

By Associated Press.
LITTLE ROCK (Ark.), Aug. 20.—The State Farmers' Alliance Convention, in session here, has indorsed the platform and the sub-treasury scheme.

Good Shot.

By Associated Press.
LEIPZIG, Aug. 20.—Baron Zeditz Neukirch shot his mistress this morning and then himself. Both are dead.

Good Market.

By Associated Press.
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 20.—Wheat buyer '91, \$1 75%; season, \$1 75%.

Archbishop's Pall.

By Associated Press.
MILWAUKEE, Aug. 20.—Cardinal Gibbons conferred the Pallium on the archbishop Kauer to-day with most imposing ceremonies.

A long procession of priests and church dignitaries proceeded to the cathedral, which was crowded with people, among them being Cardinal Gibbons, sixteen bishops and two archbishops. At quarter past 10 o'clock the first strains of Beethoven's mass sounded from the great organ, and the rising of the large audience to their feet announced the arrival of the procession. The space reserved for the priests was inside sections of the center aisle, where they filed in. Following them came the bishops and archbishops in their purple robes, attended by their acolytes, who took seats within the chancel. The new archbishop, with purple cap and long purple robe and train, came next, and last of all came Cardinal Gibbons in a scarlet robe and train. The celebrant of mass was Bishop Bormann of Lincoln, Nebraska, the assistant priests being Vicar-General Brady, of St. Louis diocese, deacon Father Gulski and sub-deacon Father Langer of Marquette, Michigan. The ceremony throughout was very impressive. Before the close of the celebration, Cardinal Gibbons stepped forward to the front of the sanctuary. In speaking, he referred to the tide of Catholicism which are continually pouring from the Old World into America, and said: "Woe to him that would stir up the spirit of nationalism in the leaders of Israel, God and our country. Let this be our watchword. Patriotism is virtue approved and sanctified by our heavenly Father. There is one country we love above all others and that is the United States, whether it be the land of our birth or adoption, it matters not."

The address was patriotic in the extreme and would have been applauded had it been delivered elsewhere but in church. After the ceremony, the church dignitaries and clergy took carriage for St. Francis Seminary where they will partake of a banquet.

To-day's Races.

By Associated Press.
SARATOGA, August 20.—Track bad, weather pleasant.

Six furlongs—Prince Royal won, Belle of Orange second, Versatile third. Time, 1:13.

Mile and a half—Pessara won, Boles second, Santa Ana third. Time, 2:10.

Six furlongs—Charade won, Actor second, Leona Well third. Time, 1:16½.

Mile and three-sixteenths—Santiago won, Redfellow second, Abi third. Time, 2:09.

Seven furlongs—Gertie D. won, Eric second, Salvani third. Time, 1:30½.

Mile and a half—Pessara won, Boles second, Santa Ana third. Time, 2:10.

Sweepstakes, six furlongs—Abesconder won, Take Back second, Rialto third. Time, 1:18½.

Stage Robbery.

By Associated Press.
THE DALLES (Or.), Aug. 20.—The Prineville and Canyon City stage was held up yesterday near Shears bridge by a masked man, armed with a Winchester, who ordered the driver to throw out the mail sacks. The driver threw out five and was then ordered by the highwayman to drive on.

The stage carried no passengers. Passengers who visited the scene soon afterwards found two mail sacks, the others having been taken away; the sacks contained money orders, registered letters, etc. Two masks were found made out of a portion of oatmeal sacks. The robber is described as a medium sized man, wearing blue overalls. The driver was so excited he could not tell whether the man wore a coat or not. Two Indians are now on the trail of the robber, following it with prospects of soon capturing him.

Vices of

Reno Evening Gazette

ALLEN C. BRAGG,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

DAILY, ONE SQUARE FOR ONE MONTH. \$1.00
WEEKLY, ONE SQUARE FOR ONE MONTH. \$1.00
DAILY, ONE COLUMN BY MAIL TO ANY PART OF
RENO (PER WEEK). 25

DAILY, ONE SQUARE (BY MAIL) \$1.00
WEEKLY, ONE COLUMN BY MAIL TO ANY PART OF
RENO (PER WEEK). 25

Thursday..... August 20, 1891

The Surprise.

The Journal of this morning says.

"While it is true that the one hundred and six million surplus, which was in the treasury two and a half years ago, has been distributed among favored ones, not among the people generally, it should be borne in mind that these millions were collected from the people by excessive taxation. Everybody was taxed more than necessary for the economical administration of the government and the result was a surplus in the treasury. That surplus is now dissipated, but it went from the treasury into the hands of the few, not the many from whom it was collected."

If our contemporary can prove that the surplus "has been distributed among favored ones" there is no future for the Republican party. It will be deservedly damned for all time to come. If it cannot prove it, even partisan rancor is a poor excuse for such a slander upon the government. The fact is that during the first two years of President Harrison's administration over two hundred and sixty-five millions of surplus revenues were applied to the reduction of the bonded indebtedness of the United States, decreasing the annual interest charge nearly ten millions of dollars.

This is in striking contrast with the course of President Cleveland who sat idly in his seat giving forth sonorous whines about the danger of a tariff which piled up a surplus.

No one accuses Mr. Cleveland of intentional crime in putting fifty-five millions of dollars in National Banks, or in crying for the suppression of silver coinage, or for free wool, or a bounty on sugar, or a hundred other blunders, and yet these acts might well be held up to public scorn.

The old Democratic cry that the tariff is a tax has ceased to interest or even amuse. With the constant reduction in the price of manufactured articles under a tariff and a rise under free trade, no argument is left. Any man who will look into the question without prejudice for an hour will see enough to settle his mind on that subject. The Democrats want free wool and a tariff on sugar. The Republicans put a tariff on wool which gives America a chance and knocks fifty-five million a year off sugar.

Since Mr. Cleveland's fortunate retirement, wise legislation, appropriation, and administration have gone hand-in-hand. In the future there will be sufficient revenues to answer liberal appropriations, wisely made and administered. It has been the Republican policy to decrease taxation and avoid the accumulation of surplus in the treasury. It has succeeded in doing so. The wisdom of that policy is already shown and the future will fully demonstrate it. We can afford to wait for the lesson of history.

A Pleasant Custom.

Many of the customs of the earlier and purer days of the Republic were worthy of being continued. One that was both pleasant and profitable was the frequent interchange of visits between the dwellers in the towns and their neighbors on the surrounding farms.

It was very prevalent when the writer was a child, and did much to build up friendship and co-operation in the community. It stimulated neatness and cleanliness on the farm, and gave broader thought and a more generous policy to village life. It brought health to the children and enjoyment to all. There were few fashionable calls, but the farmers would drive in for church on Sunday and go to a friend's for dinner, and all attend an afternoon or evening service together. When convenient the visit would be returned, and all the family spend the afternoon and enjoy a dinner on yellow-legged chicken, with lots of gravy, and other good things. What a time there was hunting eggs in the big barn, sliding on the straw stack, and petting the calf. What a pity that we too rapid for that sort of thing now.

WHITE MEN ON THE CONGO.

They Have Increased Fourfold Within the Past Few Years.

The white population on the Congo is increasing rapidly. When Stanley left the river, after having planted his twenty stations, there were only about two hundred white men left to continue the various phases of his work. There are now, says the New York Sun, over eight hundred white men on the Congo. Over one-third of them are in the service of the Congo state, while the others are engaged in trading and missionary enterprises. In 1889 Boma, the capital of the Free state, contained the greatest number of whites, but last year it was surpassed by Matadi, which is at the head of navigation on the lower Congo. Matadi has gone ahead because it is the starting point of the Congo railroad, and most of the whites at that place are engaged in building the road.

Matadi now has a white population of one hundred and sixty-nine souls, while Boma has ten less. Boma is the seat of government, and also the place where a number of important European trading firms make their headquarters. It has a railroad leading from the wharf up to the sanitarium, the hotel, and the government buildings on the heights away from the river. With its considerable native population and the large variety of business transacted there, Boma is a very busy little place.

Leopoldville, the chief settlement on the upper river at Stanley Pool, has eighty-two whites. There are only fifteen Americans on the river, nearly all of whom are missionaries. Thirty-two Danes and Swedes are among the employes of the Congo state, and almost to a man they are engaged in the steamboat service, many of them being engineers. The sixty-three Italians on the river are at work on the railroad. They were taken from southern Italy, because the climate there is warm, and it was thought they would endure hard service in Africa better than workmen from north Europe. They are bosses or section hands, who teach the native track graders how to perform their labor, and they superintend the work, often taking a hand themselves to show the natives how the work should be done.

The forty-five Egyptians are soldiers imported from Egypt for the purpose of setting a good military example to the native soldiers organized by the state. Half the Egyptians are in the garrison at Boma, and the other half are at Leopoldville.

Banana, the settlement at the mouth of the Congo, has now a population of only eighty-three whites, and has been surpassed by Leopoldville in the interior. There are now more white men at each of half a dozen posts on the upper Congo than there were at Leopoldville, the chief point on the river, five years ago.

White men on the Congo are finding that with the introduction of more comforts from Europe, with a supply of better food on their tables, and with medical attendance at a number of the more important stations, they can live on the river in far better health than a few years ago. The mortality now that the river has a white population of over eight hundred people is hardly greater than it was five years ago, when only about two hundred white men lived there.

SOCIETY'S LATEST FAD.

The Fiancee Now Takes Pains to Malign the Man of Her Choice.

"The latest fad, as well as I can make out," says a Washington girl of society, as quoted in the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, "is for girls who are engaged to be married to speak slightly and in an uncomplimentary fashion of the young gentlemen of their choice. A young woman of my acquaintance, who has recently plighted her troth, called upon me yesterday and I took advantage of the opportunity to congratulate her. I could do so quite truthfully, because the young man in the case was well known to me as possessing every desirable quality—good looks, good temper, good reputation, and money as well. To my surprise his fiancee responded by saying that she did not regard him very favorably herself. She certainly did not consider him at all good looking; he might be virtuous enough, but one did not expect a man to be too good—goody, and as for amiability, one never knew how a husband would turn out until she had married him.

"I should have been more astonished at this discourse had I not heard the same sort of talk from other girls similarly situated within the last year. Therefore I am inclined to believe that it is really, as I have said, a new fad. A more undesirable one I can scarcely imagine, nor can I conceive what apology there can be for it. It is bad enough that a girl should not admire the man she has chosen. Even if it were true it would be deplorable ill taste to speak of it. But to affect it is a most extraordinary absurdity, inasmuch as a young woman who speaks that way confesses by inference that she has accepted a poor specimen of manhood because she had lost hope of securing a better one."

TEARS OF A DEER.

Description of the "Tear-Pits" in the Animal Eye.

In most species of deer, a hollow which is known to scientists as the lacrimal sinus, or tear-pit, is found. It is a cavity beneath each eye, capable of being opened at pleasure, in which waxy substance of a pebbly, disagreeable odor is secreted. This pit is sometimes very small, but often of considerable size. Poets speak of the deer weeping, but it has not been shown this is not by poetic license solely. In the case of the wounded stag, which the contemplative Jaques watched and morsed upon, it is said:

"The big round tears
Coursed one another down his innocent nose
In piteous chase."

But this is Shakespeare's poetical interpretation of the appearance presented by the motion of the glistening edges of the folds of skin which enclose the so-called "tear-pits." These cavities are very marked in species of deer found in Asia and the islands of the Indian ocean and in the common deer of America and Europe. In some varieties in South America and Northern Asia they are less developed.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CON STIPATION

Affects half the American people yet there is only one preparation of Sarsaparilla that relieves the bowels and reaches this important site. We, and the others are engaged in trading and missionary enterprises. In 1889 Boma, the capital of the Free state, contained the greatest number of whites, but last year it was surpassed by Matadi, which is at the head of navigation on the lower Congo. Matadi has gone ahead because it is the starting point of the Congo railroad, and most of the whites at that place are engaged in building the road.

Matadi now has a white population of one hundred and sixty-nine souls, while Boma has ten less. Boma is the seat of government, and also the place where a number of important European trading firms make their headquarters.

It has a railroad leading from the wharf up to the sanitarium, the hotel, and the government buildings on the heights away from the river. With its considerable native population and the large variety of business transacted there, Boma is a very busy little place.

Leopoldville, the chief settlement on the upper river at Stanley Pool, has eighty-two whites. There are only fifteen Americans on the river, nearly all of whom are missionaries. Thirty-two Danes and Swedes are among the employes of the Congo state, and almost to a man they are engaged in the steamboat service, many of them being engineers. The sixty-three Italians on the river are at work on the railroad. They were taken from southern Italy, because the climate there is warm, and it was thought they would endure hard service in Africa better than workmen from north Europe. They are bosses or section hands, who teach the native track graders how to perform their labor, and they superintend the work, often taking a hand themselves to show the natives how the work should be done.

The forty-five Egyptians are soldiers imported from Egypt for the purpose of setting a good military example to the native soldiers organized by the state. Half the Egyptians are in the garrison at Boma, and the other half are at Leopoldville.

Banana, the settlement at the mouth of the Congo, has now a population of only eighty-three whites, and has been surpassed by Leopoldville in the interior. There are now more white men at each of half a dozen posts on the upper Congo than there were at Leopoldville, the chief point on the river, five years ago.

White men on the Congo are finding that with the introduction of more comforts from Europe, with a supply of better food on their tables, and with medical attendance at a number of the more important stations, they can live on the river in far better health than a few years ago. The mortality now that the river has a white population of over eight hundred people is hardly greater than it was five years ago, when only about two hundred white men lived there.

The forty-five Egyptians are soldiers imported from Egypt for the purpose of setting a good military example to the native soldiers organized by the state. Half the Egyptians are in the garrison at Boma, and the other half are at Leopoldville.

Banana, the settlement at the mouth of the Congo, has now a population of only eighty-three whites, and has been surpassed by Leopoldville in the interior. There are now more white men at each of half a dozen posts on the upper Congo than there were at Leopoldville, the chief point on the river, five years ago.

White men on the Congo are finding that with the introduction of more comforts from Europe, with a supply of better food on their tables, and with medical attendance at a number of the more important stations, they can live on the river in far better health than a few years ago. The mortality now that the river has a white population of over eight hundred people is hardly greater than it was five years ago, when only about two hundred white men lived there.

The forty-five Egyptians are soldiers imported from Egypt for the purpose of setting a good military example to the native soldiers organized by the state. Half the Egyptians are in the garrison at Boma, and the other half are at Leopoldville.

Banana, the settlement at the mouth of the Congo, has now a population of only eighty-three whites, and has been surpassed by Leopoldville in the interior. There are now more white men at each of half a dozen posts on the upper Congo than there were at Leopoldville, the chief point on the river, five years ago.

White men on the Congo are finding that with the introduction of more comforts from Europe, with a supply of better food on their tables, and with medical attendance at a number of the more important stations, they can live on the river in far better health than a few years ago. The mortality now that the river has a white population of over eight hundred people is hardly greater than it was five years ago, when only about two hundred white men lived there.

The forty-five Egyptians are soldiers imported from Egypt for the purpose of setting a good military example to the native soldiers organized by the state. Half the Egyptians are in the garrison at Boma, and the other half are at Leopoldville.

Banana, the settlement at the mouth of the Congo, has now a population of only eighty-three whites, and has been surpassed by Leopoldville in the interior. There are now more white men at each of half a dozen posts on the upper Congo than there were at Leopoldville, the chief point on the river, five years ago.

White men on the Congo are finding that with the introduction of more comforts from Europe, with a supply of better food on their tables, and with medical attendance at a number of the more important stations, they can live on the river in far better health than a few years ago. The mortality now that the river has a white population of over eight hundred people is hardly greater than it was five years ago, when only about two hundred white men lived there.

The forty-five Egyptians are soldiers imported from Egypt for the purpose of setting a good military example to the native soldiers organized by the state. Half the Egyptians are in the garrison at Boma, and the other half are at Leopoldville.

Banana, the settlement at the mouth of the Congo, has now a population of only eighty-three whites, and has been surpassed by Leopoldville in the interior. There are now more white men at each of half a dozen posts on the upper Congo than there were at Leopoldville, the chief point on the river, five years ago.

White men on the Congo are finding that with the introduction of more comforts from Europe, with a supply of better food on their tables, and with medical attendance at a number of the more important stations, they can live on the river in far better health than a few years ago. The mortality now that the river has a white population of over eight hundred people is hardly greater than it was five years ago, when only about two hundred white men lived there.

The forty-five Egyptians are soldiers imported from Egypt for the purpose of setting a good military example to the native soldiers organized by the state. Half the Egyptians are in the garrison at Boma, and the other half are at Leopoldville.

Banana, the settlement at the mouth of the Congo, has now a population of only eighty-three whites, and has been surpassed by Leopoldville in the interior. There are now more white men at each of half a dozen posts on the upper Congo than there were at Leopoldville, the chief point on the river, five years ago.

White men on the Congo are finding that with the introduction of more comforts from Europe, with a supply of better food on their tables, and with medical attendance at a number of the more important stations, they can live on the river in far better health than a few years ago. The mortality now that the river has a white population of over eight hundred people is hardly greater than it was five years ago, when only about two hundred white men lived there.

The forty-five Egyptians are soldiers imported from Egypt for the purpose of setting a good military example to the native soldiers organized by the state. Half the Egyptians are in the garrison at Boma, and the other half are at Leopoldville.

Banana, the settlement at the mouth of the Congo, has now a population of only eighty-three whites, and has been surpassed by Leopoldville in the interior. There are now more white men at each of half a dozen posts on the upper Congo than there were at Leopoldville, the chief point on the river, five years ago.

White men on the Congo are finding that with the introduction of more comforts from Europe, with a supply of better food on their tables, and with medical attendance at a number of the more important stations, they can live on the river in far better health than a few years ago. The mortality now that the river has a white population of over eight hundred people is hardly greater than it was five years ago, when only about two hundred white men lived there.

The forty-five Egyptians are soldiers imported from Egypt for the purpose of setting a good military example to the native soldiers organized by the state. Half the Egyptians are in the garrison at Boma, and the other half are at Leopoldville.

Banana, the settlement at the mouth of the Congo, has now a population of only eighty-three whites, and has been surpassed by Leopoldville in the interior. There are now more white men at each of half a dozen posts on the upper Congo than there were at Leopoldville, the chief point on the river, five years ago.

White men on the Congo are finding that with the introduction of more comforts from Europe, with a supply of better food on their tables, and with medical attendance at a number of the more important stations, they can live on the river in far better health than a few years ago. The mortality now that the river has a white population of over eight hundred people is hardly greater than it was five years ago, when only about two hundred white men lived there.

The forty-five Egyptians are soldiers imported from Egypt for the purpose of setting a good military example to the native soldiers organized by the state. Half the Egyptians are in the garrison at Boma, and the other half are at Leopoldville.

Banana, the settlement at the mouth of the Congo, has now a population of only eighty-three whites, and has been surpassed by Leopoldville in the interior. There are now more white men at each of half a dozen posts on the upper Congo than there were at Leopoldville, the chief point on the river, five years ago.

White men on the Congo are finding that with the introduction of more comforts from Europe, with a supply of better food on their tables, and with medical attendance at a number of the more important stations, they can live on the river in far better health than a few years ago. The mortality now that the river has a white population of over eight hundred people is hardly greater than it was five years ago, when only about two hundred white men lived there.

The forty-five Egyptians are soldiers imported from Egypt for the purpose of setting a good military example to the native soldiers organized by the state. Half the Egyptians are in the garrison at Boma, and the other half are at Leopoldville.

Banana, the settlement at the mouth of the Congo, has now a population of only eighty-three whites, and has been surpassed by Leopoldville in the interior. There are now more white men at each of half a dozen posts on the upper Congo than there were at Leopoldville, the chief point on the river, five years ago.

White men on the Congo are finding that with the introduction of more comforts from Europe, with a supply of better food on their tables, and with medical attendance at a number of the more important stations, they can live on the river in far better health than a few years ago. The mortality now that the river has a white population of over eight hundred people is hardly greater than it was five years ago, when only about two hundred white men lived there.

The forty-five Egyptians are soldiers imported from Egypt for the purpose of setting a good military example to the native soldiers organized by the state. Half the Egyptians are in the garrison at Boma, and the other half are at Leopoldville.

Banana, the settlement at the mouth of the Congo, has now a population of only eighty-three whites, and has been surpassed by Leopoldville in the interior. There are now more white men at each of half a dozen posts on the upper Congo than there were at Leopoldville, the chief point on the river, five years ago.

White men on the Congo are finding that with the introduction of more comforts from Europe, with a supply of better food on their tables, and with medical attendance at a number of the more important stations, they can live on the river in far better health than a few years ago. The mortality now that the river has a white population of over eight hundred people is hardly greater than it was five years ago, when only about two hundred white men lived there.

The forty-five Egyptians are soldiers imported from Egypt for the purpose of setting a good military example to the native soldiers organized by the state. Half the Egyptians are in the garrison at Boma, and the other half are at Leopoldville.

Banana, the settlement at the mouth of the Congo, has now a population of only eighty-three whites, and has been surpassed by Leopoldville in the interior. There are now more white men at each of half a dozen posts on the upper Congo than there were at Leopoldville, the chief point on the river, five years ago.

White men on the Congo are finding that with the introduction of more comforts from Europe, with a supply of better food on their tables, and with medical attendance at a number of the more important stations, they can live on the river in far better health than a few years ago. The mortality now that the river has a white population of over eight hundred people is hardly greater than it was five years ago, when only about two hundred white men lived there.

The forty-five Egyptians are soldiers imported from Egypt for the purpose of setting a good military example to the native soldiers organized by the state. Half the Egyptians are in the garrison at Boma, and the other half are at Leopoldville.

Banana, the settlement at the mouth of the Congo, has now a population of only eighty-three whites

FIFTY CENTS PER WEEK.

ALL classes of legitimate advertisements, not exceeding six lines, inserted in this column for fifty cents per week.

Girl Wanted.
A GOOD INDUSTRIAL GIRL WANTED for general housework. Inquire of Aug 20th. L. ABAHAMS

Piano and Singing Lessons.
R. H. COOPER, 1015 B. St., Reno, holds his class in Reno and can accept a few more pupils in piano and singing. Leave orders at Brooks' book store. Aug 20th

Girl Wanted.
TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK. IN-quire at the residence of J. H. Becker. Aug 20th

Furnished Rooms to Rent.
1015 B. St., BETWEEN CHEST-
NUT and Calton, upon reasonable terms.
Apply to MRS. HENRY JOANSON.
Aug 20th

Wanted.
FURNISHED HOUSE SUITABLE FOR housekeeping, or part of a house. Apply at this office. Aug 20th

Lost.
A THOMSON'S HALL. SEVERAL months ago a fan, the upper part of head ornate with a mounted braid and tassel with handle of black bogwood. Please leave at this office. Aug 20th

Fotograf Gallery.
SWISHER & PENDER SUCCESSORS TO the late J. H. Becker. Photog-
raphers of Nevada. The best work ever done in the State guaranteed. Cabinets only \$3.00 per dozen. Call and see samples. Aug 20th

Musical Instruction.
BEGINNING WITH MONDAY, AUGUST 17th. I will take a class in music, piano or organ, for term, apply to Mrs. H. A. Thompson, 5th street, between Calista and Calton. MISS MAMIE RUELL. Aug 20th

Situation Wanted.
A GOOD GIRL DESIRES A SITUATION either doing housework or taking care of children. Apply at this office. Aug 20th

Tahoe Bitter Water.
THE GREATEST OF ALL NATURAL purgative waters. Cures constipation and regulates the liver and kidneys. For sale at Hodgkinson's and McCullough's drug stores, and at Phye's. Aug 20th

Wanted.
A GOOD GIRL CAN FIND PROFITABLE and steady employment cooking for a small family. Make it a good cook, however, by applying at this office. Aug 20th

Rooms For Rent.
A SUIT OF TWO ROOMS FOR RENT suitable for a lawyer or doctor. Inquire at the GAZETTE office. Aug 20th

Piano Tuning.
G. WEDDING, THE PIANO TUNER, will attend to any order left at the store of C. A. Thurston. Get your instrument put in order. Aug 20th

Good Farm Lands.
FOR SALE IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT the purchasers, at \$15 per acre. Centrally located in Sierra Valley. The lands are good, situation. For further particulars address Aba. Ede, Beckwith, Plumas county, Calif. Aug 20th

Cardboard Signs.
ALL KINDS FOR SALE AT REA-
sonable prices at the GAZETTE office.

Our Family Physician.
A HANDSOME ROUND BOOK OF 268 pages, giving symptoms of all diseases and recognized treatment according to four different schools; will save \$20 in doctor's drug stores. Given away with the WEEKLY GAZETTE AND STOCKMAN one year \$2.

Administrator's Sale.
IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE of Nevada, in and for the County of Churchill, on the 6th day of July, A. D. 1861, in the matter of the estate of M. W. Hoyt, deceased.—Notice of Administrator's sale of real estate.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the order of the District Court of the State of Nevada, in and for the County of Washoe, made on the 6th day of July, A. D. 1861, in the matter of the estate of M. W. Hoyt, deceased, the undersigned Administrator of said estate, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, in one parcel and subject to the right of first refusal, to the Court, on Monday, the 14th day of September, A. D. 1861, in front of the courthouse door, in Stillwater County, Churchill, Nevada, all the real estate, with all interest and of the said estate at the time of his death, and all the right, title and interest that the said estate may have had in any lands or property acquired other than or in addition to that of the said estate at the time of his death, is and to all those certain mines, mining claims and mineral rights, in the State of Nevada, District, Churchill County, Nevada, located and called the Silver Ridge No. 1 and the Silver Ridge No. 2; also one boarding-house, one store, one dwelling-house, one stable, one hundred and fifty drifts twelve picks, two cars, six hand hammers and two sledge hammers.

Terms and conditions of sale: cash; twenty-five per cent. of the purchase money to be paid to the administrator on the day of sale, balance on confirmation of purchase by the District Court; deed at expense of purchase by the District Court; CHARLES KAISER, Monday, August 17, 1861. Administrator, austr.

No. 2475

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
RENO, NEVADA.

Capital Paid in.....\$200,000.00
Surplus Fund.....75,000.00
Undivided Profits, July 1, 1861.....24,152.37

\$99,152.37

Deposits Received on Favorable Terms.
Money Loused on Approved Security.

Exchange Bought and Sold throughout the United States and Europe.

Take Telegraphic Transfers.

OFFICERS
Geo. A. Bender.....President
Geo. W. Mapes.....Vice President
C. T. Bender.....Cashier
Geo. H. Taylor.....Asst. Cashier

DIRECTORS:
W. O. H. Marin, A. H. Manning, Geo. W. Mapes, Chas. E. Paxton, C. A. Bender, F. M. Lee and C. T. Bender.

Safety Deposit Boxes for rent by the month or year, at 50 cents per month.

Notice To Creditors.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE of Nevada, in and for the county of Washoe, on the 6th day of July, A. D. 1861, in the matter of the estate of John Sanger, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned, Administrator of the above named estate, to the credit of all persons having claims against said deceased to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers, within one month after the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned, or to the office of Benjamin Currier in the First National Bank Building, room 7, Reno, Nevada. RICHARD H. CURRER, Administrator. BENJAMIN CURRER, Attorney for Administrator. Reno, June 10, 1861.

SOCIETY MEETING
Reno Chapter No. 7, R. A. M.

THE STATED CONVOCATIONS OF RENO Chapter No. 7, R. A. M., are held at 8 o'clock P. M. on the evening of the first Thursday of each month, in the hall of the Masonic Temple, 1015 B. St., Reno, Nev. All sojourning companions in good standing are fraternally invited to attend. By order of the R. H. P. W. BUCHTEL, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mrs. Graham's Cucumber and Elder Flower Cream.

IS not a cosmetic in the sense in which that term is popularly used, but permanently beautifies. It creates a soft, smooth, clean velvety skin, by which the wrinkles and lines of the face are shaded several shades whiter. It is a constant protection from the effects of sun and wind, and repels sunburn and frost. It is applied to the face, and while you use it, it cleanses the face better than soap and water, nourishes and builds up the skin, and thus prevents the formation of wrinkles. It gives clearness, cleanliness and smoothness of skin that you had when a little girl. Every lady, old or young, ought to use it, as it gives a young appearance to the face, and that permanently. It contains no acid, powder or alkali, and is as harmless as dew and as soft as a feather. The price of this cream is \$1.00, at all druggists and hair-dressers, or at Mrs. Gertrude Graham's establishment, 1015 Post Street, San Francisco.

Sample Bottle mailed free to any lady who sends 10 cents in postage and packing. Lady Agents wanted in Nevada.

Mrs. Graham's Face Bleach.

Cures the worst case of Freckles, Sunburn, Skin Rash, Mole, Melancholy, and all skin blemishes. Price \$1.50. Harmless and effective. No sample can be sent. Lady Agents wanted in Nevada.

Musical Instruction.

BEGINNING WITH MONDAY, AUGUST 17th. I will take a class in music, piano or organ, for term, apply to Mrs. H. A. Thompson, 5th street, between Calista and Calton.

Health is Wealth!

Dr. E. C. West's nerve and brain treatment.

FOR SALE IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT the purchasers, at \$15 per acre. Centrally located in Sierra Valley. The lands are good, situation. For further particulars address Aba. Ede, Beckwith, Plumas county, Calif. Aug 20th

Good Farm Lands.

FOR SALE IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT the purchasers, at \$15 per acre. Centrally located in Sierra Valley. The lands are good, situation. For further particulars address Aba. Ede, Beckwith, Plumas county, Calif. Aug 20th

Cardboard Signs.

ALL KINDS FOR SALE AT REA-
sonable prices at the GAZETTE office.

Our Family Physician.

A HANDSOME ROUND BOOK OF 268 pages, giving symptoms of all diseases and recognized treatment according to four different schools; will save \$20 in doctor's drug stores. Given away with the WEEKLY GAZETTE AND STOCKMAN one year \$2.

Administrator's Sale.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE of Nevada, in and for the County of Churchill, on the 6th day of July, A. D. 1861, in the matter of the estate of M. W. Hoyt, deceased.—Notice of Administrator's sale of real estate.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the order of the District Court of the State of Nevada, in and for the County of Washoe, made on the 6th day of July, A. D. 1861, in the matter of the estate of M. W. Hoyt, deceased, the undersigned Administrator of said estate, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, in one parcel and subject to the right of first refusal, to the Court, on Monday, the 14th day of September, A. D. 1861, in front of the courthouse door, in Stillwater County, Churchill, Nevada, all the real estate, with all interest and of the said estate at the time of his death, and all the right, title and interest that the said estate may have had in any lands or property acquired other than or in addition to that of the said estate at the time of his death, is and to all those certain mines, mining claims and mineral rights, in the State of Nevada, District, Churchill County, Nevada, located and called the Silver Ridge No. 1 and the Silver Ridge No. 2; also one boarding-house, one store, one dwelling-house, one stable, one hundred and fifty drifts twelve picks, two cars, six hand hammers and two sledge hammers.

Terms and conditions of sale: cash; twenty-five per cent. of the purchase money to be paid to the administrator on the day of sale, balance on confirmation of purchase by the District Court; deed at expense of purchase by the District Court; CHARLES KAISER, Monday, August 17, 1861. Administrator, austr.

No. 2475

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
RENO, NEVADA.

Capital Paid in.....\$200,000.00
Surplus Fund.....75,000.00
Undivided Profits, July 1, 1861.....24,152.37

\$99,152.37

Deposits Received on Favorable Terms.

Money Loused on Approved Security.

Exchange Bought and Sold throughout the United States and Europe.

Take Telegraphic Transfers.

OFFICERS
Geo. A. Bender.....President
Geo. W. Mapes.....Vice President
C. T. Bender.....Cashier
Geo. H. Taylor.....Asst. Cashier

DIRECTORS:
W. O. H. Marin, A. H. Manning, Geo. W. Mapes, Chas. E. Paxton, C. A. Bender, F. M. Lee and C. T. Bender.

Safety Deposit Boxes for rent by the month or year, at 50 cents per month.

Notice To Creditors.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE of Nevada, in and for the county of Washoe, on the 6th day of July, A. D. 1861, in the matter of the estate of John Sanger, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned, Administrator of the above named estate, to the credit of all persons having claims against said deceased to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers, within one month after the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned, or to the office of Benjamin Currier in the First National Bank Building, room 7, Reno, Nevada. RICHARD H. CURRER, Administrator. BENJAMIN CURRER, Attorney for Administrator. Reno, June 10, 1861.

SOCIETY MEETING
Reno Chapter No. 7, R. A. M.

THE STATED CONVOCATIONS OF RENO Chapter No. 7, R. A. M., are held at 8 o'clock P. M. on the evening of the first Thursday of each month, in the hall of the Masonic Temple, 1015 B. St., Reno, Nev. All sojourning companions in good standing are fraternally invited to attend. By order of the R. H. P. W. BUCHTEL, Secretary.

No. 2475

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mrs. Graham's Cucumber and Elder Flower Cream.

IS not a cosmetic in the sense in which that term is popularly used, but permanently beautifies. It creates a soft, smooth, clean velvety skin, by which the wrinkles and lines of the face are shaded several shades whiter. It is a constant protection from the effects of sun and wind, and repels sunburn and frost. It is applied to the face, and while you use it, it cleanses the face better than soap and water, nourishes and builds up the skin, and thus prevents the formation of wrinkles. It gives clearness, cleanliness and smoothness of skin that you had when a little girl. Every lady, old or young, ought to use it, as it gives a young appearance to the face, and that permanently. It contains no acid, powder or alkali, and is as harmless as dew and as soft as a feather. The price of this cream is \$1.00, at all druggists and hair-dressers, or at Mrs. Gertrude Graham's establishment, 1015 Post Street, San Francisco.

Sample Bottle mailed free to any lady who sends 10 cents in postage and packing. Lady Agents wanted in Nevada.

Mrs. Graham's Face Bleach.

Cures the worst case of Freckles, Sunburn, Skin Rash, Mole, Melancholy, and all skin blemishes. Price \$1.50. Harmless and effective. No sample can be sent. Lady Agents wanted in Nevada.

Musical Instruction.

BEGINNING WITH MONDAY, AUGUST 17th. I will take a class in music, piano or organ, for term, apply to Mrs. H. A. Thompson, 5th street, between Calista and Calton.

Health is Wealth!

Dr. E. C. West's nerve and brain treatment.

FOR SALE IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT the purchasers, at \$15 per acre. Centrally located in Sierra Valley. The lands are good, situation. For further particulars address Aba. Ede, Beckwith, Plumas county, Calif. Aug 20th

Good Farm Lands.

FOR SALE IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT the purchasers, at \$15 per acre. Centrally located in Sierra Valley. The lands are good, situation. For further particulars address Aba. Ede, Beckwith, Plumas county, Calif. Aug 20th

Cardboard Signs.

ALL KINDS FOR SALE AT REA-
sonable prices at the GAZETTE office.

Musical Instruction.

BEGINNING WITH MONDAY, AUGUST 17th. I will take a class in music, piano or organ, for term, apply to Mrs. H. A. Thompson, 5th street, between Calista and Calton.

Health is Wealth!

Dr. E. C. West's nerve and brain treatment.

FOR SALE IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT the purchasers, at \$15 per acre. Centrally located in Sierra Valley. The lands are good, situation. For further particulars address Aba. Ede, Beckwith, Plumas county, Calif. Aug 20th

Good Farm Lands.

FOR SALE IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT the purchasers, at \$15 per acre. Centrally located in Sierra Valley. The lands are good, situation. For further particulars address Aba. Ede, Beckwith, Plumas county, Calif. Aug 20th

Cardboard Signs.

ALL KINDS FOR SALE AT REA-
sonable prices at the GAZETTE office.

Musical Instruction.

BEGINNING WITH MONDAY, AUGUST 17th. I will take a class in music, piano or organ, for term, apply to Mrs. H. A. Thompson, 5th street, between Calista and Calton.

Health is Wealth!